

Class 2

I. Speaking

Task 1.

- 1) What university do you study at?
- 2) Was it difficult for you to enter the university? Why?
- 3) What faculty do you study at?
- 4) Why did you decide to become a clinical psychologist?
- 5) Are you satisfied with your choice?

II. Reading

Task 2. Learn the vocabulary:

- educational establishment [edʒʊ'keɪʃnəl] [ɪs'tæblɪʃmənts] – образовательное учреждение
- to provide [prə'vaɪd] – обеспечивать, предоставлять
- the Unified State Exam ['ju:nɪfaɪd steɪt ɪg'zæm] – ЕГЭ, единый государственный экзамен
- high score [haɪ skɔ:] – высокие баллы
- training ['treɪnɪŋ] – обучение
- practical training ['præktɪkəl 'treɪnɪŋ] – практика (как форма учебного процесса)
- to apply [ə'plaɪ] – применять, обратиться
- applicant ['æplɪkənt] – претендент, абитуриент
- application [æplɪ'keɪʃn] – заявление, подача заявления
- to submit documents [səb'mɪt] ['dɒkjʊmənts] – предоставлять документы
- personal achievements ['pɜ:s(ə)nəl ə'ʃi:vmənt] – личные достижения
- to require [rɪ'kwaɪə] – требовать
- requirement [rɪ'kwaɪəmənt] – требование
- curriculum [kə'rɪkjʊləm] – учебный план, программа обучения
- similar ['sɪm(ə)lə] – схожий, похожий
- humanities [hju:'mænɪtɪz] – гуманитарные дисциплины
- psychological, social, medical and natural sciences [saɪkə'lɒdʒɪkəl] ['səʊʃəl] ['medɪkəl] ['nætʃrəl] ['saɪəns] – психологические, социальные, медицинские и естественные науки
- to combine [kəm'baɪn] – объединять, сочетать
- depending on [dɪ'pendɪŋ] – в зависимости от
- degree [dɪ'ɡri:] – степень
- to obtain [əb'teɪn] – получать, приобретать
- to last [lɑ:st] – длиться, продолжаться
- duration [dʒʊə'reɪʃn] – продолжительность
- full-time course [fʊl taɪm] [kɔ:s] – очное обучение
- part-time course [pɑ:t taɪm] – заочное обучение, частичная занятость

- common forms ['kɒmən fɔ:ms] – общепринятые, распространенные формы
- lecture ['lektʃə] – лекция
- practical class ['præktɪkəl kla:s] – практическое занятие
- case study (presentation) [keɪs 'stʌdi] - решение клинической задачи, обсуждение клинического случая
- CNS physiology [fɪzi'ɒlədʒi] – central nervous system physiology ['sentrəl 'nɜ:vəs 'sɪstɪm] – физиология центральной нервной системы
- to join (without a prep) [dʒɔɪn] – вступать, присоединяться
- scientific society [saɪən'tɪfɪk sə'saɪəti] – научное общество (студентов)
- term/semester [tɜ:m] / [sɪ'mestə] – семестр
- credit test ['kredit] – зачет (форма контроля)
- opportunity [ɒpə'tju:nɪti] – возможность, перспектива
- postgraduate training [pəʊst'grædʒuɪt 'treɪnɪŋ] – последипломное образование
- graduate ['grædʒuɪt] – выпускник вуза
- to graduate from ['grædʒuɪt] – окончить обучение, выпускаться.

Task 3. Read and translate the text

Training of clinical psychologists in Russia

Higher educational establishments in our country provide training of various specialists. School leavers who want to be clinical psychologists may apply to institutes, academies or universities. The application requirements are similar in all the educational establishments. The applicants pass the Unified state exams in Biology, Russian language and mathematics or social science at high scores. They submit documents regarding personal achievements in academic, scientific, social and sport activities.

The duration of the course is usually from 5 to 6 years depending on the degree obtained. The studies are mainly full-time but there are also part-time courses.

The curriculum includes humanities and also psychological, social, medical and natural sciences. The humanities are History, Philosophy, Foreign languages. The social sciences combine Sociology, Management, Communication Studies and Law sciences. Medical and natural sciences are functional anatomy, CNS physiology, psychological correction, health psychology and other disciplines.

The most common forms of teaching process are lectures, practical classes, seminars, laboratory works, case studies (presentation) and practical training. Some students join scientific societies. During practical training students learn to apply psychological techniques in real cases. At the end of each term the students take credit tests and exams, at the end of the course they take State Examinations and get the Diploma. After that graduates choose between the following opportunities – to start their practice or to enter a postgraduate training course.

Task 4. Translate into Russian

The following opportunities; the curriculum includes humanities; to enter a postgraduate training course; duration of course; during practical training; a scientific society for the students; CNS physiology; a similar case; the most common forms; credit test; choose the opportunity; academic, scientific, social and sport activities; medical and natural sciences.

Task 5. Translate into English

Вступительные требования одинаковые, поступающие сдают ЕГЭ, продолжительность обучения обычно от 5 до 6 лет, личные достижения, заочное обучение, очное обучение, вступать в научные сообщества, выпускник вуза, применять психологические методики в реальных случаях, сдавать государственные экзамены, поступать в аспирантуру.

Task 6. Retell the text “Training of clinical psychologists in Russia” using the table. Complete the sentences with appropriate word combinations from the right column.

1	Medical educational establishments are	a	pass the Unified state exams at high scores
2	Application requirements of the universities are	b	lectures, seminars, laboratory works, case studies and practical training.
3	To become a student one should have	c	humanities and psychological, social, medical and natural sciences.
4	The duration of the courses is	d	similar (much alike).
5	There are full-time	e	scientific societies
6	The curriculum includes	f	start their practice or enter a postgraduate training course
7	The most common forms of teaching are	g	take credit tests and exams
8	Some students join	h	usually from 5 to 6 years
9	At the end of the term students	i	colleges, institutes, academies and universities.
10	The graduates may	j	and part-time courses of study.

III. Grammar

Task 7. Put the verb “be” into the correct form:

- 1) Our teacher ___ ill last week.
- 2) University students ___ always busy?
- 3) They ___ reading now. Be quiet!
- 4) Next year I ___ a second year student.
- 5) He ___ always in time for classes?
- 6) The teachers ___ glad to see our last week's results.
- 7) It ___ easy to pass the previous exam.
- 8) My friend ___ absent next week.
- 9)

Her presentation ____ the best in our group? 10) It ____ windy today. 11) The next week's test ____ very difficult. 12) They ____ reading when I came in. 13) They ____ to come earlier, but we ____ still waiting. 14) My friends ____ easy-going. 15) She ____ upset yesterday. 16) This subject ____ difficult for me when I studied at school. 18) His knowledge ____ not deep enough. 19) All students ____ present at the last lecture? 20) The students ____ to submit the essay timely!