Lesson 2

Analysis of medicinal plant raw materials containing flavonoids (II).

QUESTIONS:

- 1. Medicinal plants and raw materials containing flavonoids:
- Violae herba;
- Helicrysi arenarii flores;
- Aroniae melanocarpae fructus.

Work 1. Study of morphological and anatomical features of raw material of Helicrysum arenarium.

Yellow everlasting flowers - Helichrysi arenarii flores

Producing plant: Yellow everlasting - *Helichrysum arenarium* (L.) Moench

Family Asteraceae

- 1. Study producing plants from herbarium specimens and tables, to identify diagnostic features for recognition.
 - 2. Describe the raw materials.
- 3. Prepare a temporary microslide of tubular flowers and wrapper leaflet, previously boiled in alkali solution. Examine at low and high magnification of the microscope. Identify anatomo-diagnostic features of the raw material. Draw the microscopy.
 - 4. Conclusion on the authenticity of the raw material.
 - 5. Study the chemical composition of raw materials.
 - 6. Specify the pharmacological action and uses of raw materials.

Work 2: Study of morphological and anatomical features of raw material "Violet herb"

Violet herb – Violae herba

Producing plants: Field violet - *Viola arvensis* Murr.

Wild pansy (garden violet) - Viola tricolor L.

Family Violaceae

- 1. Study producing plants from herbarium specimens and tables, to identify diagnostic features for recognition.
 - 2. Describe the raw materials.
- 3. Carry out microscopic analysis of the studied raw material. Identify anatomodiagnostic features of raw materials. Draw the microscopy.
 - 4. Conclusion on the authenticity of the raw material.
 - 5. Study the chemical composition of raw materials.
 - 6. Specify the pharmacological action and uses of raw materials.

Work 3. Study of morphological features of fruits of chokeberry.

Black chokeberry fruit -Aroniae melanocarpae recens fructus

Producing plant: Black chokeberry – Aronia melanocarpa (Michx.) Elliot

Family *Rosaceae*

- 1. Study producing plants from herbarium specimens and tables, to identify diagnostic features for recognition.
 - 2. Describe the raw materials.
 - 3.Study the chemical composition of raw materials.
 - 4. Specify the pharmacological action and uses of raw materials.