

Class 2

Topic. Medical education in Russia. My future profession

Class Assignments

I. Warm-up activities

Task 1. Discuss the following questions:

- 1 Was it difficult for you to enter the university? If yes, why?
- 2 What is the name of the university you study at?
- 3 Who is at the head of your university?
- 4 Who is the dean of your faculty?
- 5 What faculties are there at the university?
- 6 Will knowledge of basic sciences be applicable in your job?
- 7 Are you for or against experimental work on animals?

Vocabulary & Speaking

Task 2. a) Study the following nouns:

training	курс обучения
curriculum	учебный план; программа
graduate	выпускник
health care	здравоохранение
clinical placements	клиническая практика
nursing	уход за пациентами; сестринское дело
physician	терапевт
health care provider	врач общей практики
promoting	содействие
maintaining	поддержание
restoring	восстановление
injury	травма, повреждение
impairment	нарушение, расстройство
life-path	жизненный путь
ability	способность, умение, навык

b) Study the following verbs:

to train	обучать
to include	включать
to master	совершенствовать
to be responsible for	быть ответственным за
to be aimed at	быть нацеленным на
to attend	посещать
to deal with	заниматься чем-л.
to study	учить, изучать
to do courses in	изучать (дисциплины)
to focus on	сосредоточиться на, сконцентрироваться на
to provide	предоставлять; оказывать
to handle smth	держат под контролем, справляться с
to cope with	справляться с

be on guard быть на страже

c) Study the following expressions:

teaching hospitals	клинические базы (учебные больницы)
under the guidance of	под руководством
advanced training courses	курсы повышения квалификации
to pass the exams	сдать экзамены

Read and translate the following text:

Medical education in Russia. My future profession

The higher medical education in Russia is provided by various educational establishments. To enter a university, a school leaver should have high grades in Chemistry, Biology, Russian language and some other subjects. The Faculty of General Medicine trains specialists responsible for health care and its promotion, diagnostics, treatment, follow up and prevention of diseases. The training for specialist degree program lasts for 6 years.

The curriculum includes over 70 subjects as well as optional training courses. During the first two years of study the students master medical, biological sciences, and humanities. The basic courses include Normal Anatomy and Histology, Physiology and Cytology. The third year is aimed at mastering general professionally-oriented disciplines. The students are trained at teaching hospitals of the University. They attend lectures delivered by the leading specialists. Under the guidance of experienced teachers they do courses in internal and surgical diseases, obstetrics and gynecology, infectious diseases, oncology, neurology, and many other disciplines.

In the 1st year the students of the Faculty of General Medicine have clinical placements in hospitals and clinics. At the end of the 3rd year the students have clinical placement in hospitals where they study nursing. At the end of the 4th year their clinical placements are in primary care settings, and there are some other clinical placements in the 5th year.

The 6th year students do their clinical residency course. On passing the final state exams the graduate is awarded a diploma in General Medicine and can practice as a General Practitioner.

‘Physician’ is the common name for doctors. They are health care providers who deal with promoting, maintaining or restoring human health. They study, diagnose and treat diseases, injuries and other physical and mental impairments. They may focus their practice on certain diseases (specialist medical practitioners) or provide comprehensive medical care to individuals or families (general practitioners).

A doctor should know that a great profession comes with great responsibilities. He has to know how to talk to patients, to make decisions and

handle emergencies. The doctors should take advanced training courses as a good doctor must be up-to-date. The life-path of a doctor is a real challenge to his abilities and personality. So if you are strong enough, you will be able to cope with all the difficulties and will be on guard of a great treasure, human health.

Task 3. Find English equivalents of the following words and phrases:

Образовательные учреждения, поступить в университет, иметь высокий балл по химии, лечебный факультет, обучать специалистов, быть ответственным за диагностику, лечение, наблюдение и профилактику заболеваний, программа обучения длится 6 лет, учебная план включает факультативные курсы обучения, слушать лекции ведущих специалистов, читать лекции, пройти обучение на клинических базах университета, под руководством опытных преподавателей, изучать внутренние болезни и хирургию, проходить клиническую практику, организация первичной медицинской помощи, проходить обучение в клинической ординатуре, получить диплом врача общей практики, лечить болезни, врач общей практики, оказать комплексную медицинскую помощь, профессия сопряжена с большой ответственностью, принимать решения, справляться с чрезвычайными ситуациями, пройти курсы повышения квалификации, быть в курсе последних событий, справиться с трудностями.

Task 4 Fill in the gaps with the prepositions where necessary:

- 1 Our university trains doctors ___ practically all medical fields.
- 2 The training ___ specialist degree program lasts ___ 6 years.
- 3 We have a test ___ Latin twice a semester.
- 4 The faculty trains specialists responsible ___ health care.
- 5 We study internal and surgical diseases ____ the guidance___experienced teachers.
- 6 The training in the third year is aimed ___ mastering general professionally-oriented disciplines.
- 7 My friend entered ___ a medical university last year.
- 8 Health care in Russia is provided ___ primary care institutions.

Task 5. Fill in the gaps with the most appropriate phrases:

a real challenge, handle emergencies, clinics, maintaining, health care provider, impairments, lasts, certain diseases, hospitals, master

- 1 A physician is a ___ who deals with promoting, ___ or restoring human health.
- 2 Health care providers may focus their practice on ____.
- 3 The first-year students have clinical placements in ___ and ____.
- 4 During the first two years the students ___ medical and biological sciences,
- 5 A general practitioner deals with treatment of disease, injuries and other physical and mental ____.
- 6 He has to know how to talk to sick people, to make decisions and ____.

7 Mastering the profession is ____ for us.

8 The training for specialist degree program ____ for 6 years.

Task 6. Nowadays the Volgograd State Medical University has the following faculties (departments):

- Faculty of General Medicine
- Faculty of Dentistry
- Faculty of Pediatrics
- Faculty of Pharmacy
- Faculty of Biomedicine
- Faculty of Clinical Psychology and Social Work
- Faculty of Management
- Faculty of Biology
- Faculty of Preventive Medicine
- Faculty of Bioengineering Systems and Technologies

Match the names of faculties with the specialists they train; make up sentences according to the pattern:

e.g. The Faculty of General Medicine trains therapists.

1 Faculty of General Medicine	A Pharmacutists
2 Faculty of Dentistry	B Clinical Psychologists & Social Workers
3 Pharmaceutical Faculty	C Therapeutists
4 Faculty of Pediatrics	D Health Care Managers
5 Faculty of Biomedicine	E Biology Teachers, Medical Technologists, Laboratory Technologists
6 Faculty of Clinical Psychology and Social Work	F Medical Bioengineers
7 Faculty of Management	G Pediatricians
8 Faculty of Biology	H Dentists
9 Faculty of Preventive Medicine	I Genetics Technologists, Medical Laboratory Technologists
10 Faculty of Bioengineering Systems and Technologies	J Hygienists, Epidemiologists

Task 7. Speak about our university matching the words from the three columns:

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The University• Each department/faculty• A dean• Each chair	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• to be headed• to be supervised• to be responsible for• to be founded• to have	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• by the Chancellor• by a dean• a faculty• by the head of the chair• in 1935
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The faculty of General Medicine • Junior students • Senior students • Medical students • The 6th year students • The training • The graduate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • to train • to last • to study • to have • to finish with • to obtain • to be awarded • to master • focus on • to have • to do 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 10 faculties • specialists responsible for the treatment of diseases • 6 years • medical and biological sciences, humanities and social disciplines • general professionally-oriented disciplines. • clinical placements in hospitals and clinics • their clinical residency course • the state exams in Therapy, Surgery, Obstetrics and Public Health and Health care • a diploma in General Medicine and can practice as a General Practitioner
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Home Assignment:

Task 8. Answer the questions and speak about the medical education in Russia:

- 1** What is required for a school leaver to enter a medical university in Russia?
- 2** How long does the specialty training program in General Medicine last?
- 3** What subjects are included in the basic courses during the first two years of study?
- 4** What is the focus of the third year of study in the Faculty of General Medicine?
- 5** Where are students trained during their studies in the Faculty of General Medicine?
- 6** What types of clinical placements do students have during their studies?
- 7** What do students do in the 6th year of their medical education?
- 8** What must a graduate of the Faculty of General Medicine do to become a General Practitioner?
- 9** What is the common name for doctors?
- 10** What roles do Physicians typically perform?
- 11** What are the two main types of medical practitioners mentioned in the text?
- 12** What responsibilities and challenges are associated with being a doctor according to the text?