

Занятие № 14

Тема: Виды фармацевтического действия лекарственных средств – III часть

Этапы:

1. Проверка домашнего задания
2. Повторение материала 1 семестра
3. Информативное чтение
4. Проведение семестровой контрольной работы

2.

Упражнение 1. Выберите правильные ответы.

1. Слово «аптека» переводится ...

drug store
chemist's shop
pharmacy
drug cabinet
drug administration
chemist

2. Слово «получать» переводится ...

to get
to recieve
to obtain
to have
to contain
to accomplish

3. Слово «лечить» переводится ...

to treat
to heal
to cure
to administer
to order
to prescribe

4. Слово «лекарство» переводится ...

drug
medicine
medicament
injection
substance
treatment

5. Parenteral administration is accomplished ...

under the skin
into a muscle
into a vein
under the tongue
by mouth
on the skin or mucous membranes

6. Intrathecal injection is made ...
in the case of anesthesia into the sheath of the spine marrow and the brain
by rectum when oral administration presents difficulties
by mouth
into the upper layers of the skin

7. The proteins are classified chiefly according to ...
their solubility
their insolubility
their coagulation by heat
their hydrolysis

8. Lotions are used for ...
topical application
parenteral application
intravenous administration
intra-dermal administration

9. Термин «успокоительное средство» переводится
sedative
tranquilizer
depressant
tonic
antiseptic
laxative

10. Термин «побочный эффект» переводится
side effect
unwanted reaction
adverse reaction
curative effect
healing effect
positive effect

11. Слово «лечение» переводится
treatment
cure
healing
prescription
order
receiving

12. Liquid forms of drugs are ...
solutions
decoctions
tinctures
ointments
tablets
aerosols

13. Medicines ... in pharmacies.
are compounded and sold

compound and sell
compounded and sold
compounds and sells

14. Last year we ... lectures and seminars in Physics.
had
will have
have
are having

15. This professor ... the lecture in General Chemistry next Tuesday.
will deliver
delivers
delivered
was delivering

16. Medicine ... various treating methods for people suffering from a disease.
has
is
had
have

17. We conducted many chemical experiments ...
last year
next year
now
soon

3.

Упражнение 2. Прочтите и переведите текст. Озаглавьте текст. Обоснуйте свой выбор.

In the context of pharmacology, toxicity occurs when a person has accumulated too much of a drug in his bloodstream, leading to adverse effects within the body. Drug toxicity is the critical or lethal reaction to an erroneous dosage of a medication. It may occur due to human error or intentional overdose in the case of suicide or homicide. The effects of the medication are more pronounced at toxic levels, and side effects may be severe. The reasons for toxicity vary depending on the mixture of drugs. Toxicity may result when the dose is too high, or it may result when the liver or kidneys are unable to remove the drug from the bloodstream. Many commonly prescribed medications can accumulate in the bloodstream and result in toxicity. Symptoms of drug toxicity depend on the drug taken. Treatment for drug toxicity also depends on the drug taken and the blood level of the drug.

Упражнение 3. Задайте вопросы к тексту.

