Lesson 6. Subclasses Ranuculidae

Features of the subclass



- 1. The mature pollen is 2-celled, 3-bearded, or derived types.
- 2. Predominantly herbaceous plants
- 3. No vascularless, vessels usually with simple perforation
- 4. Stomata without incidental cells (ranunculoid type)
- 5. Secretory cells in parenchyma usually absent
- 6. Flowers bisexual and unisexual, often spiral or spirocyclic
- 7. Stamens and carpels of specialized type
- 8. Seeds with a small embryo and abundant endosperm

Family - Ranunculaceae

- •Flowers from spiral to cyclic, actinomorphic to zygomorphic, peduncle from conical to short
- Perianth double or simple
- Number of flower parts varies
- Gynoecium from apocarpic to syncarpic
- Ovulus in the carpel either numerous or several
- Entomophilia
- Nectaries are various in shape and origin

Plants with acyclic flowers



Trollius europea



Trollius asiaticus





Myosurus minimus

Plants with spirocyclic flowers



Anemone hepatica $* \mathit{Ca}_5\mathit{Co}_{8\text{--}12}\mathit{A}_{\scriptscriptstyle{\infty}}\mathit{G}_{\scriptscriptstyle{\infty}}$



Ceratocephala falcata * $Ca_5Co_5A_{\scriptscriptstyle\infty}G_{\scriptscriptstyle\infty}$





Ficaria verna $*Ca_3Co_{8-12}A_{\scriptscriptstyle \infty}G_{\scriptscriptstyle \underline{\infty}}$



Adonis wolgensis $*Ca_5Co_{8-12}A_{\infty}G_{\infty}$



Caltha palustris

 $*Ca_5Co_5A_{\infty}G_{\infty}$







Ranunculus repens

Plants with cyclic flowers



Anemone nemorosa

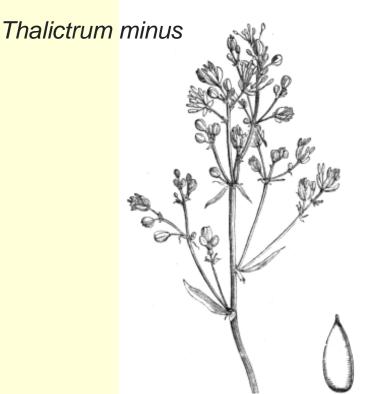


Anemone rarnunculoides

Aqulegia hybridum

* $Ca_5Co_5A_{\infty}G_{\infty}$







Thalictrum. Pistil (mag.).



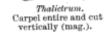
Thalictrum.
Flower cut vertically (mag.).



Thalictrum.
Flower (mag.).











Plants with zygomorphyc flowers



Aconitum napellus $\uparrow Ca_5Co_{2nectaries}A_{\infty}G_{\underline{3}}$

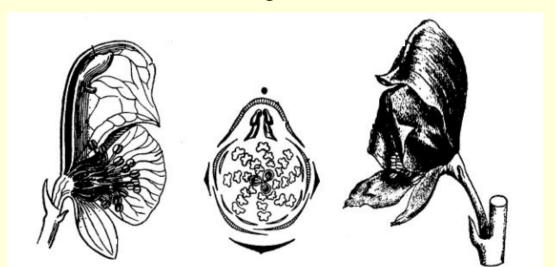


Delphinium elatum $\uparrow Ca_5Co_{(3)}A_{\scriptscriptstyle \infty}G_{{3-5}}$





Aconítum soongáricum





Consolida regalis



Delphínium punicéum





Consolida regalis

The order Papaverales The family Papaveraceae



Papaver rhoeas

 $* Ca_2Co_{2+2}A_{\infty}G_{(\infty)}$



- 1. Northern temperate zone. Steppes, deserts, semi-deserts, there are forest, tundra and weed species
- 2. From herbaceous monocotyledons and annuals to shrubs, there are small trees and lianas.
- 3. Leaves are simple without leaflets.
- 4. Flowers singular, in inflorescences, actinomorphic to zygomorphic
- Leaves and stems contain nonmembered laticifers (alkaloids isoquinoline derivatives)





Chelidonium majus

$$*Ca_2Co_{2+2}A_{\infty}G_{(2)}$$

Family of Berberidaceae





Berberis vulgaris

* $Ca_{3+3}Co_{3+3}A_{3+3}G_{\underline{1}}$





Mahonia aquifolium



Family Fumariaceae





Fumaria officinalis



Corydalis solida

 $*Ca_2Co_4A_2G_2$





Order Paeoniales Family Paeoniaceae



Paeonia tenuifolia

* $Ca_5Co_{5-10}A_{\infty}G_{\underline{3}}$

