

A Budget line

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Personal Budgeting reflects the economic concepts of scarcity, trade off's and opportunity cost. Individuals face limited income and must choose how to allocate it among competing wants. Using the example of student with a \$100 monthly allowance to spend only on gas (\$2 per gallon) and DVDs (\$10 each), the document shows how different spending choices create a budget line.

The budget line illustrates all possible combinations of gas and DVDs that can be purchased with the available income. Spending all on one item place you at one endpoint, while other points along the line represent mixed combinations. Choices below the line are affordable but leave unused income, while choices above the line are unattainable.

The budget line shifts depending on income and prices:-

- Higher income or lower prices shifts it outward (more choices).
- Lower income or higher prices shifts it inward (fewer choices)
- Inflation reduces purchasing power and opportunities

It also emphasizes opportunity cost: the value of what is sacrificed to gain something else. For example buying one DVD at \$10 means giving up 5 gallons of gas at \$2 each. Even if both the prices double, the opportunity cost remains the same because it reflects relative trade-offs not just money values.

In conclusion, the budget line demonstrates the limits of income, the trade offs consumers face and the opportunity costs that guide rational decision making.